What is OHHLEP? The One Health High Level Expert Panel

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In November 2020 at the Paris Peace Forum FAO, OIE, UNEP and WHO create a multidisciplinary One Health High-Level Expert Panel (OHHLEP) with the support of **France** and **Germany**

Co-chairs



Wanda Markotter Professor, Centre

for Viral Zoonoses, University of Pretoria, South Africa

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Thomas Mettenleiter

President of the Friedrich-Loeffler-Institut, Federal Research Institute for Animal Health, Germany

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| | Safety Authority, United Arab Emirates |
|---|---|
| Casey Barton-Behravesh > Personal capacity, United States of America | Pépé Bilivogui > Technical Consultant, Project REDISSE (World Bank/OOAS), Guinea |
| Salome Bukachi > Associate Professor, Institute of Anthropology, University of Nairobi, Kenya | Natalia Casas > National Zoonoses Coordinator, Ministry of Health of Argentina, Argentina |
| Natalia Cediel Becerra > Lecturer and researcher, Universidad de la Salle Bogotá, Colombia | Abhlshek Chaudhary > Assistant Professor, Dept. of Civil Engineering, Indian Institute of Technology (IIT) Kanpur, India |
| Janice Clacci-Zanella > Veterinarian researcher in the area of Animal Vinology and Director General of Swine and Poultry Research Center, EMBRAPA, Brazil | Andrew Alexander Cunningham > Deputy Director of Science, Zoological Society of London, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland |
| Osman Dar > Consultant in Global Public Health, Public Health England / Director - One Health Project, Chatham House, Royal Institute of International Affairs, United Kingdom of Great Bitakin and Northern | Nitish Debnath > Team Lead, Fleming Fund Country Grant to Bangladesh, DAI Global, LLC - National Coordinator One Health Bangladesh, Bangladesh |
| Ireland, Pakistan Baptiste Dungu > Chief Executive Officer, Onderstepoort Biological Products SOC (OBP), South Africe, Democratic Republic of the Congo | Elmoubasher Farag > Senior Infectious Disease Epidemiologist, Head of Communicable Diseases Control Programs, Director- One Health Projects, Qafar Ministry of Public Health (MOPH), Sudan |
| George Fu Gao > Director-General, Chinese Center for Disease Control and Prevention, People's Republic of China | David Hayman > Professor of Infectious Disease Ecology, Massey University, New Zealand |
| Margaret Khaitsa > Professor of International Veterinary Epidemiology, Mississippi State University, Uganda | Professor Marion Koopmans > Director of the WHO Collaborating Centre for emerging infectious diseases at Erasmus Medical Centre, Netherlands |
| Catherine Machalaba > Senior Policy Advisor and Senior Scientist, EcoHealth Alliance, United | Professor John S. Mackenzie > Emeritus Professor, Curtin University, Perth, Australia |
| States of America Serge Morand > Director of Research, CNRS, Montpellier University, France | Vyacheslav Smolenskiy > Deputy Heed, Russian Federal Service for Surveillance on Consumer Rights Protection and Human Wellbeing, Russian Federation |
| Lei Zhou > Chief of Branch for Emerging Infectious Disease, China CDC, People's Republic of China | } |

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A definition of the One Health

One Health is an integrated, unifying approach that aims to sustainably balance and optimize the health of people, animals and ecosystems.

It recognizes the health of humans, domestic and wild animals, plants, and the wider environment (including ecosystems) are closely linked and inter-dependent.

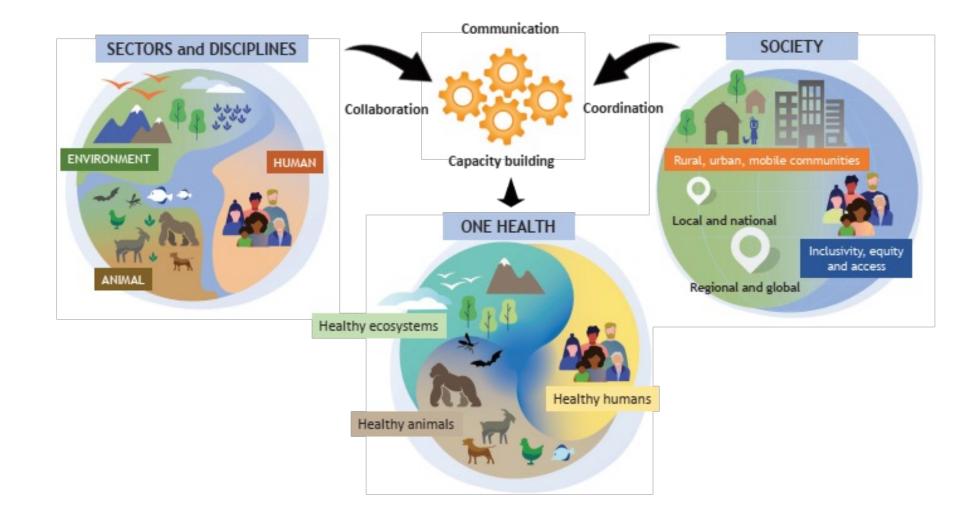
The approach mobilizes multiple sectors, disciplines and communities at varying levels of society to work together to foster well-being and tackle threats to health and ecosystems, while addressing the collective need for clean water, energy and air, safe and nutritious food, taking action on climate change, and contributing to sustainable development.



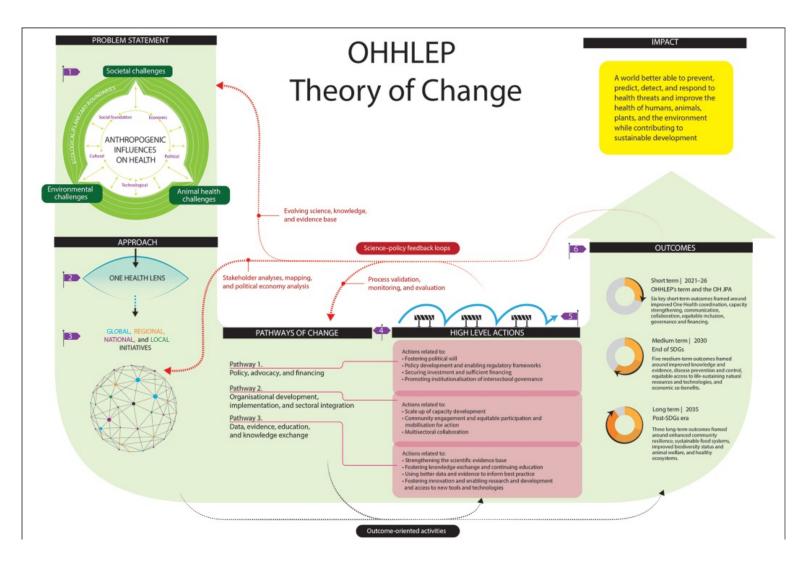




Enhancing collaboration, coordination, communication and capacity building



The One Health Theory of Change identifies more than 60 factors that adversely affect the health of humans, animals, plants, and ecosystems, and advances transdisciplinary approaches to navigate the complex nexus between health, food, water, and energy security and sustainability in a coherent way



A support for the One Health Joint Plan of Action



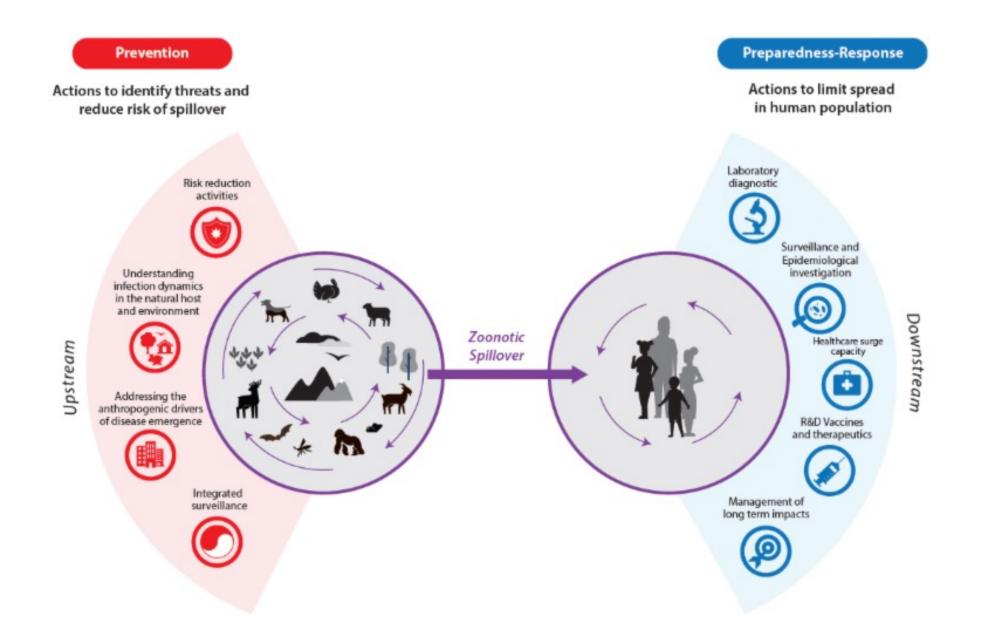
A definition of prevention of zoonotic spillover to humans

ONE HEALTH HIGH-LEVEL EXPERT PANEL

PREVENTION OF ZOONOTIC SPILLOVER

FROM RELYING ON RESPONSE TO REDUCING THE RISK AT SOURCE OHHLEP whitepaper/Opinion piece

Shifting the infectious disease control paradigm from reactive to proactive (Primary prevention). Prevention includes addressing the drivers of disease emergence, namely ecological, meteorological and anthropogenic factors and activities that increase spillover risk, in order to reduce the risk of human infection. It is informed by, amongst other actions, biosurveillance in and the natural hosts. people environment. understanding pathogen infection dynamics and implementing intervention activities.



POLICY BRIEF

Accelerating One Heath in Asia and the Pacific





One Health in practice